

# Bow Island Review

For the Districts of:- Pleasant View,

Seven Persons, Whitla, Winnifred, Bow Island, Burdett, Grassy Lake, Foremost and Maleb,

TENTH YEAR

BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA

FRIDAY DECEMBER 17, 1920.

SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 A YEAR



**Leonard Ferne - Clothier**  
BOW ISLAND

## OIL! OIL! OIL!

When you require  
OILS or GREASES  
For your Car or Tractor  
See Us  
**We will SAVE YOU MONEY**  
we handle:  
All grades Cylinder Oils, Machine Oils,  
Hard Oils, Greases, etc.  
also the famous  
**Wm. Penn Motor Oils**  
Lowest Possible Prices

**HOME GRAIN CO. LTD.**

**E. ANDERSON, AGENT**

Phone 55

BOW ISLAND

## We have a Good Line of:

Xmas Crackers, Xmas Stockings,  
Fancy Boxes and Baskets of Chocolates,  
Large assortment of Choice Candies,  
Pipes and Tobacco Pouches, Ash Trays, Etc.  
for Xmas Presents,  
Box of 10 or 50 Cigars which makes a Good Present  
for any man.

Come and see them.

**Order your Xmas Cakes**  
we make them.

**A. E. BROWNING**  
**BAKER**

MAIN STREET --- BOW ISLAND

## United Church

You will be made welcome at all the  
services  
Rev. J. Taylor of Foremost will  
speak on Sunday 19th, December  
Church, at 7.30  
Sunday School at 11. Song Service 7-15

Sent in your News Items.  
No Charge made to publish  
News Items - only Advertisements,  
Obituaries and Cards of  
Thanks charged for.

## Bow Island U.F.A. Organization Active

The working out of, and the effect  
that some of the recent legislation  
will have on the District has been  
taken up and given very careful and  
thorough consideration, with the re-  
sult that the following Resolutions  
were unanimously passed and the mat-  
ter taken up with the Department of  
Municipal Affairs, and the head office  
of the U.F.A.

**RESOLUTION**  
WHEREAS by the provisions of Sec-  
tion "11a" of "An Act To Empower  
Municipal Districts to Borrow Money  
on Government Guarantee to supply  
Seed Grain to settlers" it is provided  
that the Municipal District levy a  
tax on all lands to cover unpaid  
moneys for seed grain advanced under  
provisions of the Seed Grain Act.

AND WHEREAS the effect the  
application of such provision under  
such section would be, to compel  
those residents of the District who  
have been able to meet their indica-  
tions, to pay for the neglect, or default  
of the other residents of the district;  
which in the opinion of the Bow  
Island Local Union No. 881 U.F.A. is  
manifestly unfair and is penalizing  
the resident who is hard working and  
thrift enough to take, by many  
sacrifices to himself and family, to  
meet his own obligations; and will  
further operate to prevent desirable  
parties from coming into the district.

THEREFORE be it resolved that  
the Legislature be requested to repeal  
said Section "11a" of the Municipal  
District Seed Grain Act, which with-  
out the benefit of said Section "11a"  
any moneys advanced under the pro-  
visions of the Act, are secured on the  
land as by mortgage, and in the many  
chattel of the person obtaining the  
loan.

The following is the Clause which  
the U.F.A. are opposing

Copy of Clause "11a" from 1920  
Statutes "In the event of any moneys  
advanced to resident farmers under  
the provisions of this act not being  
repaid prior to the 31st of December  
next ensuing, the Council of the Mun-  
icipal District shall when estimating  
the public expenditure of the Munici-  
pality for the ensuing year as provid-  
ed in section 292 of the Municipal  
District Act, make provision for the  
payment of all moneys unpaid by such  
resident farmers and shall also  
authorize the treasurer of the munici-  
pal district to levy upon all taxable  
lands in the municipal district such  
tax at a uniform rate on the dollar as  
shall be necessary to meet the amount  
of the said arrears, in addition to the  
estimate of the expenditure as provid-  
ed in said section 292"

**RESOLUTION**  
Resolved that the Directors of the  
U.F.A. obtain at the earliest possible  
date copies of all Public Bills to come  
before the Provincial Legislature and  
forward the same to each local.

AND FURTHER that the Directors  
urge upon the Government to forward  
copies of all Public Bills affecting  
Municipal Districts to the Reeve of  
each Municipal District as early as pos-  
sible before the meeting of the House.

A Local young people's U.F.A. has  
been formed, and is giving evi-  
dence of being a fine organization  
and it is hoped will prove a great help  
in the working out of the young  
people's problems throughout the dis-  
trict.

## Inserted by A. F. Werts

To the Editor  
Bow Island Review  
Dear Sir

Will you in the interest of fair  
play print the enclosed decision as  
given by Justice Walsh in the matter  
of Municipal District No. 91 vs myself  
using the heading, inserted by A.F.  
Werts.

Yours Truly  
A. F. Werts

**In The Supreme Court of Alberta  
Judicial District of Lethbridge  
MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF  
BOW ISLAND vs WERTS**

**Judgment of the  
Honourable Mr. Justice Walsh**

Without discussing or even disagree-  
ing with any of the findings of fact of  
the learned referee and without input-  
ting fraud in this connection to the  
defendant I think that he must be  
charged with the commission which  
he either paid to Wilmut or allowed  
him to obtain out of the collection  
made by him under his appointment  
of the 26th of November, 1915. The  
resolution of the Council passed at  
its meeting on that date constitutes  
Wilmot's appointment so far as any  
act of the Council goes, that contains  
no authority whatever for the prepa-  
ration and execution by the de-  
fendant for the Municipality of the  
contract Exhibit 27, no matter how  
honest he was in his belief that the  
terms set out in it were those offered  
by the Council. If one is at liberty to  
consider the evidence of the Council  
and the defendant as to the discussion  
which took place resulting in the pass-  
ing of the resolution, the preponder-  
ance of it is strongly in favour of  
the view that it was adopted largely  
with the idea of saving the ten per cent  
commission authorized by the resolu-  
tion of the 8th of October and,  
therefore, instead of justifying the  
defendant's conduct in assuming to  
contract in the Plaintiff's name with  
Wilmut for payment of the commis-  
sion was a direct notice to him that no  
such commission was to be allowed.  
There is nothing in the referee's find-  
ing to the contrary of this. In fact he  
finds that the Councilors thought  
that Wilmut was only to get his  
ballot's fee which would be sufficient  
recognition for his work, but that  
(continued on middle page)

## See Me For Ostermoor Mattresses



Coal Heaters - Coal Ranges  
Gas Heaters - Gas Ranges

**General Hardware**

**Ostrum's Hardware Store.**

Main Street

Bow Island

## See Our Store for Your Christmas Goods

We have some  
**BARGAINS**

**SWENNUMSON & CO.**

MAIN STREET

BOW ISLAND

## WE SAVE YOU MONEY

Compare a few of

## Our Regular Prices

With those you have been paying and see  
where you can **SAVE SOME MONEY**

Palmolive Soap per bar	10	Mixed Nuts per lb.	25
Lennox Soap 2 bars for	15	Jap Oranges per box	\$1.35
Peas 2 tins for	45	Cocoa 1 lb. Sealer each	.70
String Beans 2 tins for	45	Cocoa 1/2 lb. Sealer each	.45
Codfish 2 lb. Box	60	Oyster Shell 7 lbs.	25

**BATEMAN BROS.**

**The Store That Saves You Money**

MAIN STREET. BOW ISLAND

All Advertisements, or Changes of Advertisements, Notices, or Reading Matter should be in the  
Review Office by Monday or at the latest Tuesday Morning to appear the same week, as the  
Review is printed every Thursday

## THE QUEEN'S HOTEL

TORONTO

American Plan, \$4.00 and up with bath, \$4.50; European Plan, \$2.00 and up.

One of the largest and most comfortable hotels in the Dominion, centrally located. The Queen's is a new and modern hotel with every modern facility. The highest quality of service and the highest quality of food and drink. The highest quality of service and the highest quality of food and drink. The highest quality of service and the highest quality of food and drink.

HENRY WINNETT.

## Ownership of Natural Resources

When the British, Crown Colonies of Upper and Lower Canada (for Ontario and Quebec) were taken today, and Nova Scotia and New Brunswick united to form the Dominion of Canada they were autonomous units enjoying ownership of their public domain and control over their customs, postal and other services. When they entered the Dominion of Canada they agreed to surrender to the Federal authority, control and jurisdiction over the Customs, Post Office and certain other public services, but they insisted on retaining ownership and control of the public domain, that is, the lands, forests and mines.

Later, when the Crown Colony of British Columbia decided to join the confederation it likewise relinquished control of its powers and services to the Federal body, but retained ownership and control of its public domain and natural resources. It also bargained that certain things should be done, as for example, that a transcontinental railway should be built connecting British Columbia with the Eastern Provinces.

The construction of this railway was the first step in the Eastern Canada, but which was then the property of the British Empire, led to the purchase by Canada of the Hudson's Bay Company. In course of time and with increasing settlement it was decided to create the Province of Manitoba out of a portion of the Hudson's Bay territory. In creating the Dominion confederation, a Province, Manitoba came into the creation of the Dominion Parliament, but is a previously established Crown Colony of the other Provinces. It had no Customs or Postal services to relinquish, nor did it enjoy ownership of its public domain and natural resources. Consequently, in creating Manitoba a Province the Dominion Parliament did not provide that it should be given full ownership and control of its natural resources. The Dominion kept what it had inherited owned. And when Alberta and Saskatchewan were created Provinces in 1905, the same policy was followed.

From people question the legal right of the Dominion Parliament to retain ownership of these natural resources, but the practically unimpaired rights of the West to be so-called. The Dominion Parliament violated the spirit of the Confederation pact and ignored the cardinal principle upon which Confederation rests. The Canadian confederation is supposed to be a union of Provinces, each enjoying equal rights, powers, responsibilities and privileges. It is a union of equals, not a union of unequals. It is self-evident, however, that if some Provinces own and control their natural resources and derive large revenues therefrom, while other Provinces are denied such ownership and control and the revenues from their natural resources within their bounds go into the Dominion treasury to be shared equally by all Provinces, there is rank inequality. Provinces owning their resources not only obtain all the resultant revenues, but they also get a share from the resources of the other Provinces who do not enjoy such ownership.

In justification for the policy of Dominion retention of ownership and control of the natural resources of the West it was argued that it was in the national interest that these lands should be disposed of as free homesteads and that inasmuch as the encouragement of immigration was a Federal matter, it was essential to the success of any immigration policy that central ownership of the homestead lands should be vested in the same authority. It was argued, also, that the Provinces wanted the lands they should be compelled to surrender them for revenue producing purposes rather than to encourage settlement.

Furthermore, it was contended, the Dominion Parliament was spending large sums of money annually for immigration purposes solely for the purpose of settling the vacant lands of the West, but that no such service was maintained in addition population to the East.

Whether force there may have been in these arguments at the time it has all been dispelled now, and has been for some years past. The immigration service of the Dominion Government is exerting itself just as it is to bring settlers to the Western which do not own their lands. Free homestead lands are now practically a thing of the past, and control of the lands remaining, the forest and the mine, is not necessary to the success of the Federal immigration policy.

Furthermore, the Dominion today is administering the natural resources of the West for revenue-producing purposes, and the Federal treasury is being enriched annually by a substantial surplus of revenue from expenditure from the natural resources of the West.

The west result is that there is not equality in status among the Provinces East and West, and as a consequence there is a weakness in the bond of confederation. The Western Provinces are restricted in their revenues, their development is retarded, and the result is a free homestead, a feeling of resentment is aroused in the West against the East because of the injustice under which the West feeds its laborers.

## Worth of Fish Hatcheries

High Quantity of Fry is Distributed in Canadian Lakes.

Fish hatcheries operated by the Fisheries Branch, Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa, have distributed in 1928 three-fifths of a billion fry, in the various provinces throughout the Dominion. Has the largest distribution of any one species was the spottail whitefish, some 400,000,000 more than 400,000,000 were distributed in the Great Lakes and the balance in Manitoba. Pickled trout are second in whiteness. Of this species, 120,000,000 were distributed in the Great Lakes and 2,000,000 in the Atlantic.

Salmon, again, the most valuable of all the Pacific species, came third, with 5,000,000.

Minard's Liniment For Garget in Cows.

Tricky. "I simply can't understand the combination of my wife's clothes."

"What puzzles you?" "Well, when she wants to hide her neck, she takes it down her back, but when she wants to get it again, it's always in her stocking."

A Nasty Grip. It's easy to plant a mortgage on a farm, but it isn't so easy to raise it.

The most absolute trust fall to rest. The most absolute trust fall to rest. The most absolute trust fall to rest.

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## Newspaper Prices Are Still Rising

An Increase of over 243 Per Cent Since 1916.

Newspaper prices for the Winnipeg newspapers for the first six months of 1921 have been announced by the paper company which supplies this market.

The price quoted is 7 cents a pound, or \$140.00 a ton.

This is an increase of \$40.00 per ton, or 40 per cent, over the price paid for newspaper during the last six months of 1920.

It is an increase of 73 per cent, over the corresponding price for the first six months of 1919.

The increase of \$40.00 a ton now announced is about greater than the total price paid by the Winnipeg newspapers for newspaper as recently as May, 1916.

This is a fact, the mill, and to it the freight rate must be added. The freight now paid by the Winnipeg newspapers from their source of supply is \$10.50, as against \$10.00 paid four years ago. This will make a total cost laid down of \$50.50, as against \$46.40 in 1916, an increase of \$11.10, or over 243 per cent.

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## Rumania Now As Large as Italy

Area Is 305,000 Square Miles, Population 15,000,000.

Rumania emerges from the war enlarged in area and in population. By the award of Bessarabia, confirmed by the Allies in a treaty signed in Paris on October 28, she gains territory which adds her area to Italy in size, with a population of more than 15,000,000.

No other active belligerent in the war against Germany has gained so much in extent, says the New York Herald. Condemned by the treaty of Bucharest to lose half her territory, she has not only regained her previous domain, but has seen it successively enlarged by the addition of Transylvania, Bukovina, part of the Banat of Temeswar, and now, Bessarabia.

This makes an area of eight times as large as Alsace-Lorraine, with a population five times that of the restored French provinces. Before the war Rumania's area was 30,000 square miles, and her population 5,000,000. Now her area is 305,000 square miles and her population is more than doubled.

## A TONIC FOR THE NERVES

The Only Real Nerve Tonic is a Good Supply of Rich, Red Blood.

"If people would only attend to their blood, instead of their nerves," says Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, "they would find themselves better." And an eminent nerve specialist, "we doctors would not see our consulting rooms crowded with nervous wrecks. More people suffer from weary tired nerves than from any other ailment."

The soft of thing which the specialist spoke of is the nervous condition caused by overwork and the many causes of it. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills found themselves tired, listless and unable to keep their heads. They are full of nervous fears, and do not sleep well at night. Headaches and other nerve pains are signs of the ailment, and it all comes from starved nerves.

Doctors the nerves with poisonous sedatives is a terrible mistake. The only real nerve tonic is a good supply of rich, red blood. Therefore to relieve nervousness and tired nerves, do not take any other medicine. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should be taken. These pills make the blood rich and healthy. They give the nerves the strength and energy, and the nerves become strong and healthy. They give the nerves the strength and energy, and the nerves become strong and healthy.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You can get three pills from any dealer in medicine. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold in boxes of 50 cents a box or six pills for \$2.50. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold in boxes of 50 cents a box or six pills for \$2.50.

Paper Clothes From Germany. The first cargo of German paper suits and overcoats has arrived in Chicago from Hamburg, and will be retailed at \$2.50 each garment.

Cloth From Puenipue. A Frenchman has invented a machine for extracting fibres from the leaves of flax, pineapple, the banana, white cotton and numerous other growth in tropical countries. A process of brushing removes the last vegetable fragments from the fibres, which are combed and bleached by washing.

Monstrous. For 15 days in the month of June I was suffering with pain of rheumatism in the foot. I tried all kinds of remedies but nothing did me any good. One person told me about MINARD'S LINIMENT, so as soon as I tried it the Saturday night, the next morning this remedy is very good. I tell you this remedy is very good. I tell you this remedy is very good. I tell you this remedy is very good.

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## Big Drop in Meat Exports

The Decrease Represents a Value of Over \$48,000,000.

Exports of meat from Canada for the year ending October show a decrease compared with last year of the large total of 127,829,500 lbs. The decrease represents a value of over \$48,000,000 on the year's trade. The export figures for two years, reported by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, are given as follows: Bacon and hams, 1919, 208,000,000 lbs.; 1920, 189,000,000 lbs.; pork, 1919, 18,000,313 lbs.; 1920, 18,000,313 lbs.; canned meats, 1919, 11,998,393 lbs.; 1920, 10,900,438 lbs.

There was an offset of rather less than a million dollars in the increase of "other meats" exported, a classification that includes game and poultry.

How Far Does a Fly Fly? Experiments made by the British Government, last year, brought to light the following facts relating to the habits of the fly. Flies do not travel nearly so far as one is apt to think. Of several hundred caught in a Suffolk village, sprinkled with white powder, the one released the one that travelled farthest was found two days later less than a mile away. The bodies of the majority were found within two hundred yards from the place of release. In the open air they rarely fly more than ten or twelve feet above the ground. On the top floors of a tall office building they are hardly ever seen. In many U.S. skyscrapers flies are absolutely absent above the first two or three stories.

Simple and Sure—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is so simple in application that a child can understand the reason for its success. It is a liniment of only division is to rub, and when used as a dressing to apply. The directions are so plain and understandable that they are readily understood by young or old.

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## Would Suicide To Make Good Big Shortage

Phil Gevarts Said To Have Offered To "Go West" If He Were Given Opportunity

VANCOUVER—J. A. Bancroft, former assistant manager of the head office of the Merchants Bank of Canada in Vancouver, will be formally committed for trial next Tuesday, in connection with the shortages of \$67,000. For some reason that neither the chief officers of the bank nor the court has yet been able to learn, Bancroft some months ago began taking all kinds of chances to lend money to Phil Gevarts and the lumber company with which that young broker was connected.

When the bank began to investigate, Bancroft made no denial of the charge. But he insisted on a dozen reasons that he was alone and entirely responsible and that no one else had anything to do with the acts he committed. Whenever the Gevarts account was in a hole, which was quite often, Bancroft borrowed money from other depositors' accounts to make the Gevarts balance stand up, and finally he lifted \$45,000 worth of Victory Bonds from an envelope belonging to W. H. Day and allowed them to go out of the bank to be used as security for a loan with a money lender, all for the good of the Gevarts account. And he claimed he was paid nothing for it.

When the bank sent for Gevarts, according to the testimony of J. A. Fraser, the superintendent, the young lumber dealer offered to make good by committing suicide. He said he had insurance policies for a hundred thousand dollars, and if Mr. Fraser would please leave him alone for five minutes he would make a hasty exit to another world and leave a substantial bank balance behind him. Bancroft to have his offer massed up, Mr. Fraser declined the offer of suicide.

Gevarts is now charged with conspiracy in a third charge before the court, that remains unfinished.

## Plans Approved For Irrigation Project Near Medicine Hat

Vote Will Be Taken on the Formation of District and for Election of Trustees

MEDICINE HAT.—The minister of the interior has approved of the plan and estimate for the Medicine Hat eastern irrigation district. A returning officer will be appointed and a vote taken on the formation of the district and also for the election of trustees. Final revised report of the Medicine Hat eastern irrigation district has been submitted by the commissioners of irrigation to the director of reclamation, Ottawa, for the approval of the minister, and the Medicine Hat chamber of commerce will be notified regarding to the formation of this irrigation district upon receipt of the approval of the plan and estimates by the Dominion minister.

The secretary had received telegraphic advice from the director of reclamation that the revised report of the eastern project had cleared his department and upon the reaching of some points he anticipated being able to recommend its approval by the minister.

## NOT ALL MONEY TO RUN A NEWSPAPER

LONDON.—The National Union of Journalists have presented London newspaper proprietors with a series of demands including fixed grades of salaries at \$62, \$65, \$73 per week, shorter hours and the improvement in working conditions.

Regarding the demand, the Mail says: "Our reply to the demands, if pressed, will be the reluctant but complete shut down of four newspapers published from this office for which period necessary, as the only effective method for the directors of the newspapers to obtain justice. Few newspapers are paying expenses today."

The four newspapers referred to are the Mail, the Evening News, the Weekly Dispatch, and the Overseas Mail.

## M.D. No. 94 vs A.F. Werts

(Continued)

they did not make this plain to the defendant who was under the impression that Wilnot was to be allowed his commission. It was the duty of the defendant to take the resolution of the Council as his authority for dealing with Wilnot. He was present at the meeting at which it was passed and he, no doubt, made the entry of it in the minute book of the Council so that he was perfectly familiar with the terms. The resolution of October 10th, set out in plain terms the fact that a commission of ten per cent was to be allowed on all taxes collected under it. The commission of that term from the resolution of the 26th of November is, therefore, all the more conspicuous. His duty was to carry out the instructions of the Council in accordance with the record of them which he himself made and insofar as he departed from them to the detriment of the Municipality he must be held to account. The question is not whether he honestly thought Wilnot's appointment was on the terms of the contract which he prepared. That enquiry would be pertinent on a charge of fraud. The question is whether in the absence of any appointment and upon the evidence it certainly was not and so the defendant was guilty of neglect of duty in the preparation and execution of the contract and in paying or permitting Wilnot to retain the commission provided for by it. The referee has made no express finding upon the disputed facts as to whether or not Exhibit 27 was shown to and approved by the councillors before its execution by the defendant and Wilnot thought I think that inferentially he finds it not. The evidence is so overwhelming against the defendant's contention in this respect that I have no hesitation in saying that, in my opinion, it proves that none of the councillors saw or even heard of this document until after the commencement of this action. The Plaintiff's claim under this head is for \$237.48 but the referee has already allowed one item of \$225.00 going to make up this amount (the amount on the amount owing to the Plaintiff should be increased only by the difference, namely \$12.48).

The other finding of the referee of which the Plaintiff complains (item 20) is a finding of fact with which I would not interfere unless it was satisfied that it was clearly wrong. I have carefully read all the evidence on this head and instead of disagreeing with the referee's finding I am disposed to thoroughly agree with it. Wilnot's evidence amounts to nothing more than an assertion of his belief that he paid this money over to the defendant and absolutely nothing in proof of it. The statements of the defendant sworn to by Henderson and Grang are quite consistent with the fact that Wilnot asking for the Municipality had received the money for the both refer to the receipt of the money by the Municipality and not to its receipt by the defendant. The letter Exhibit 17 was written by the defendant under the instructions of the Council and there is absolutely nothing in it pointing to the receipt of this money by the defendant. The defendant flatly denies having received the money. I cannot interfere with this finding.

The definition given to the word "costs" by Rule 14 of the "Practice and Costs" and the provisions of Rule 16(2) quite warrant an order giving the Plaintiff leave to tax the reasonable charges of the accountant McNeill on his investigations and enquiries. In view of the referee's finding in this respect I have no hesitation in directing the taxation to the Plaintiff of a reasonable sum for McNeill's services in making his investigation of the Plaintiff's books and accounts as kept by the defendant and in presenting himself to give evidence and in giving it. I am not able to say whether or not \$200 is a reasonable sum and so the clerk must fix it.

The defendant objects to the referee's finding in some respects. The allowance of items 3, 4, 5 and 6 is objected to on the ground that the cheque in question are either outstanding or payment of them has been stopped the Municipality has lost

nothing in respect of them. It is only true that no payments have been made out of the funds of the Municipality on account of these cheques but the fact is that in the Defendants cash account he has taken credit for these items as representing money of the Municipality paid out by him when in fact no such payments have been made. The amount of the money with which he is chargeable according to his books is less by the total of these cheques than it should be and so the referee has properly charged him with them.

The objection of item 17 is that the taxes with which the referee charges the defendant are not lost to the Plaintiff but may be placed upon the tax roll and collected from the party liable. I think the disposition made to this is an equitable one which is legally justifiable and I will not interfere with it.

The defendant seeks an allowance for the service charged for in items 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 of his contention that I find it impossible to make. With respect to some of them I should say that the services charged for are such as the defendant was bound to perform without extra remuneration in the discharge of the duties of his office. As to some of them there is evidence which the referee seems to have accepted of an agreement that beyond the payment of the gasolene consumed in their performance the Plaintiff was to pay nothing for them. With respect to all of them I find it impossible to see any reason for saying that they are put forward now as an after-thought on the part of the defendant and that he never have advanced a claim for them now but for this litigation.

Item 18 is strongly debited to the Defendant at \$29.94. It should be \$20.48, being the difference between \$74.00 and \$54.76. See evidence of McNeill at Q. 161. This leaves a balance of \$204.85 instead of \$274.85. To that must be added \$494.48 being the aggregate of the Wilnot items which I have allowed, making a total of \$700.83 for which the Plaintiff is entitled to judgment. The Plaintiff is entitled to its costs under C. 2 and Rule 27 shall not apply. I give no directions for the taxation of any amounts in excess of the tariff allowed.

"W.L. Walsh"  
J.S.C.  
H.P.O. Savary, K.C. for Plaintiff.  
W. Hestie, Esq. (Lethbridge) for Defendant.

## BOW ISLAND

Mr. Allan D. Deane, from Saskatchewan, returned town last week on his way to visit friends at Taber.

Mr. J. J. Brown, of the Citizens Lumber Company, is resigning from the position of justice of the peace.

Mr. Thompson, sixteen miles south of town, was a visitor here on Saturday last.

**St. Michael's Church**  
Mass will be celebrated on Sunday 19th, December at 11.30 a.m.

A Christmas Concert will be given in St. Michael's Hall, Bow Island, on Friday December 17th, at 8 p.m.  
Admission Adults 35c. Children 20c.

## NOTICE

U.F.A. and U.F.W.A.  
Pres. L.D. James Pres. Mrs. H. Schenck  
Vice Pres. H. Schenck  
Sec. J. M. Monds. Sec. Mrs. G. Calder

Will meet on Saturday December 18th.

The Ladies of the U.F.W.A. will hold a Pantry Sale and Auction on Saturday night 18th December. Donations of anything useful accepted.

How would You like to be Rugged (Rigged) from Head to Foot in Splendid Money Saving Bargains?

We know you would like so, then come now to the Burdett Mercantile Store

## Bow Island School District No. 1883

### NOTICE

### A Discount of 5 per cent

Will be allowed on Current Taxes paid to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of January 1921 and that on all taxes unpaid on the 15th day of February 1921 a penalty of 5 per cent will be added.

John Pollitt, Secretary-Treasurer

"Who sows no seed, no harvest reaps"

## The BEST CHRISTMAS GIFT

An Independent Future

A small monthly payment, or a lump sum, paid in advance, will secure to young and old a Canadian Government Annuity of from

\$50 to \$5,000

a new life possible monthly or quarterly. May be purchased for a single life or on two lives jointly. Employers may purchase for their employees.

Apply to your postmaster, or write, postage free, to S. T. Bastedo, Superintendent of Annuities, Ottawa, for new booklet and other information required. Mention our last birthday and set.

## Bow Island Additional

### To the Electors of the Bow Island School District No. 1883

We take this opportunity to thank the Electors of Bow Island for their generous support at the Polls on Monday.

Margaret Calder  
George Calder

I take this opportunity of thanking the people for their support on Election Day, December 13th, and assure the Electors that as School Trustees I will serve the District to the best of my ability in the future as I have endeavored to do in the past.

yours faithfully,  
H. L. Schenck

### The following were Elected last Monday for Councillors

Geo. Calder  
J.M. Bratton  
Leonard Payne

### for School Trustees

Margaret Calder  
L.D. James  
Allan Miller  
Herman Schenck

Mr. Werts left on Monday last for Chicago, after receiving news of the death of his daughter.

Captain E. Casler of the Salvation Army visited Burdett and Bow Island last Tuesday and Wednesday morning, returning to Headquarters the same day.

The Salvation Army officers always carry such a fund of Light, Hope and Mercy into every home and every town that they visit. That when they go away, nearly everyone feels an indefinable blank, that of parting from a Loyal, Pure, Courageous and Trusty friend.

Mrs. McDonald of Winnifred was here on business on Monday last leaving on the evening train for Medicine Hat.

Mr. J. Martin is vacating his old barn and is occupying the old barn opposite the City Garage.

Mr. Ingoldby is busy helping out Mr. Tunstall at the garage these days.

Constantine Brudner accompanied by Mr. Davidson was a business visitor to Mabel and District.

Mr. Balke family of Windy Ridge but not last Spring to Subaltern Ogden U.S.A. has returned for a short time on business.

Mr. Travers, formerly of Bow Island, is at Nemiskam.

## Winnifred

From our own Correspondent

Mrs. Odsey is keeping house for Mr. Anna at the Mines for a few weeks.

Mr. Anna has had a splendid output of coal for the last two weeks, although dropping off somewhat now, owing to the spell of mild weather.

It was reported last week that the Egan family, north of Bow Island, is well recovered from the attack of scarlet fever and the quarantine will be lifted in due course.

Mrs. Joe Hodgkinson and son were Medicine Hat visitors last week.

Mr. F. Doherty visited his son, Hugh, who is attending school at Medicine Hat.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Godfrey were Medicine Hat visitors this week.

Miss Mabel Burch left for Medicine Hat last Saturday evening to visit her sister who is going to a business college.

Mrs. Ernest Dennison returned Saturday from Medicine Hat where she has been on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ross.

Best Colthrop had the misfortune to lose a cow last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Wetherall have Mrs. Wetherall's brother, Godfrey Ross, as their guest for the holidays, when he returns back to his school in Calgary.

Mrs. Alfred Larson and daughter, Inez and Miss Niblett spent the weekend in Medicine Hat on a shopping trip.

Miss Stella Dowler spent Saturday in Medicine Hat.

Mrs. A. Ridgenbaugh is visiting in Lethbridge this week and while there will have her eyes attended to.

Mrs. Harold Bowerman was a visitor to Bow Island last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Gosselin spent a few days in Medicine Hat visiting friends.

Tony Craig's many friends will be pleased to see him out again after his sickness.

## The Weather

December 1920

Friday 10th. Sunny and warm. Saturday 11th. B. H. Bright and cold. Sunday 12th. B. H. Bright and cold. Monday 13th. Dull, storm clouds. Tuesday 14th. Sunny, cold wind. Wednesday 15th. Dull and windy. Thursday 16th. Sunny and warmer.

## Plucky Woman Rout Bandits With Oil Lamp

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.—Three masked safe blowers who broke into the post office at Port Republic, near here, were routed with a lighted lamp hurled at them by Mrs. Amanda Blake, the postmaster's wife. Their clothing was set afire, and thoroughly bewildered by the unexpected fiery shower, they fled precipitately and escaped in an automobile. The little store also caught fire, but the plucky woman put out the blaze before the firemen arrived.

Mrs. Blake was awakened by a crash of glass. Lighting the lamp in her bedroom she dashed downstairs to a landing overlooking the safe, to see the masked trio at the door of the safe.

"Get out of here," she shouted defiantly at the robbers. Evidently they were slow in obeying the command, whereupon Mrs. Blake threw the lighted lamp with deadly accuracy.

### GIVEN THREE MONTHS

MEDICINE HAT.—Mrs. E. Nelson was sentenced to three months in Fort Saskatchewan jail for entering ferry in conjunction with Sam Johnson, who received a two-year prison term. Mrs. Nelson is to be deported to the United States upon completion of sentence.

### HARRY BREASE IS SOUGHT

The Department of Militia and Defense has written to the Calgary police asking them to try and secure some information about Harry Brease, next-of-kin of the late Private Frank Wencroft (55216), C.E.F. It is stated in the letter to the authorities that Brease's address was given as General Delivery, Calgary, but communications forwarded to this address have been returned.

# Example of City Boy Who Made Good On a Western Farm

The career of the great champion ship for cash and other prizes at the Calgary show, John W. Lucas, of Calgary, is an example of a city boy who has made good on an Alberta farm.

Mr. Lucas was born at Stratford, Ont. Even as a boy he always had the desire to be a farmer and to own land of his own, but the greatest obstacle in the way of the realization of his dreams was the practical impossibility of a man without a large amount of capital purchasing the high priced farm land of the settled prairie. Eastern Canada, however, after leaving school, John Lucas heard of the free homestead land for settlers in the west and that the open prairie was a well-timed opportunity for him to get a farm of his own. In 1903 he came to Alberta and took up a homestead, and on this land he has lived ever since. Beginning with 160 acres, and with no practical farming experience as he has now, by perseverance and industry, increased his holdings to 1,000 acres, and is also interested in a further section and a half-approximately 1,000 acres. He is now a successful farmer and dealer in live stock, and keeps in touch with all the latest agricultural news and improvements. He receives all government bulletins and has built up a well-known library on all farm and livestock topics; he is a member of the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, and believes "that the growing of seed and the selection of grain is as important as the purebred livestock industry."

## Irrigation Attracts Settlers

**Irrigation Farmers From Across the Border are Buying Land.**

Irrigation is attracting large numbers of farmers who have had experience in this method of farming to Taber, Alberta, says a correspondent. The new irrigation district comprising 17,000 acres of irrigable land is now in operation in the coming spring, and irrigation farmers from across the border are buying land in the vicinity of the town. There are also some English families arriving. Twenty families are expected to settle in the area between the town and Pinetask, six miles east of Taber, and six more families are buying land south of Concord. Work is proceeding during the mild weather on the irrigation project, and more land is being added to the area to receive water. The water should be on the land in time for next year's crop.

## Making Marks

**Must Meet Standards Laid Down by the Importing Nations.**

"To a very large degree, production is controlled by profits and the ease of marketing the products, but otherwise, as in the case of the food industry, markets have to be created. Canada was producing the fat hog and for years had an outlet for the surplus product, but marketing conditions changed and the industry immediately faced rather a difficult situation. A new market was the solution. The government was immediately seized of the situation and had careful surveys and investigations made; educational campaigns were carried on, the type of hog raised in Eastern Canada was changed, and the bacon industry as we know it today came into being. The same thing is now being done in the case of the exportable surplus of agricultural products must meet, insofar as is possible, the standards laid down by the importing nations. Moreover, we have learned that it is profitable to meet these demands wherever feasible. Canadian producers are in Britain, and even in other countries, a standard product. The government's part now is to keep clear of trade channels, but to meet the demand, while the reputation already achieved assures the producer a price comparable to that received in any other market."—Dr. F. P. Colwell, Minister of Agriculture, in the Breeder's Gazette.

## No Peace There

There were twice as many divorces in France last year as the year before. Peace seems to bring almost everything except peace. N.Y. Evening Mail.

Even the buckwheat cake has to await its turn.

# The Age of The Earth

Scientists are Divided in Their Opinion as to Length of Time World Has Existed.

The length of time that has elapsed since our planet bobbled off from the sun and assumed independent existence seems a baffling question to the devotees of most branches of science. Geologists, believing that in a broad way the past can be inferred from the present, have made approximate time tables for the sedimentary rocks. Judging from the slow rates at which existing rocks are worn down and mud accumulate at the bottom of the seas, they have reckoned the age of recent deposits by millions of years, that of the tertiary and secondary and primary rocks by hundreds of millions; and they have allowed margins of almost unthinkable duration for epochs which have left no sedimentary trace. Zoologists and botanists, tracing the long pedigrees of existing animals and plants, have estimated that evolution proceeded at "a process of modification as slow that we need not be surprised at our failure to find, or to induce experimentally, any record of new species. They both thought that they had unlimited credit on the bank of time, and that twenty years ago the "Big Lord Kelvin" perhaps was some malicious pleasure, distorted the severity of these prodigious speculations. The earth, he could not be older than his parent, the sun. Helmholtz, he reminded them, attributed the heat given out by the sun to the process of contraction. They were data by which this could be calculated; he made the calculation, and declared that the birth of the sun itself could not have taken place less than twenty million years. He called on biologists to adapt their theories of evolution and geologists to their time tables of the rocks to figures well inside this maximum. The task was beyond them. Now, we are told, the theory of Helmholtz and Kelvin's decision from it must be dismissed. The sun and stars do not depend for their heat on contraction, but on some other source, and their time tables of the sun can still maintain its output of heat for fifteen billions of years, and it must date back to time so remote that there is no practical limit to estimates of the age of the earth—from the London Times.

## War Tropics

**Canada Participates in Distribution of Guns and Mortars.**

It is officially stated that the number of war trophies (excluding tanks) turned up in the middle of October was 108,958. This number comprised 4,360 guns, 16,718 machine guns, 78,756 small guns, and 9,124 other trophies. Of these 152 guns, 107 machine guns, and 939 trench mortars were sent to the Dominions, the direct distribution being as follows:

Guns	Guns	Mortars
Australia	357	371
Canada	230	400
New Zealand	129	1,450
India	40	490
South Africa	43	49
Newfoundland	12	25

In addition, 42 guns, 333 machine guns and 76 trench mortars have been issued to the Colonial Office for distribution among the remaining British possessions.

## Bettering Health Conditions

**Health Authorities in Alberta Have Now Busy This Year.**

The sanitary inspection work of the Alberta health department covered a big scope during the year which is coming to a close. The department is working to assist local authorities in bettering health conditions received an impetus under the leadership of the late Dr. A. G. McKay and the present incumbent Hon. C. R. Mitchell, has carried on his work in this direction since his appointment. During the past year each of the 176 health districts in the province has been visited at least once, and in many cases three and four times. Fifty-three prosecutions were carried out and in every instance a conviction was obtained.

## Fear War of Sleep Sickness

The fear that sleeping sickness will spread again in eastern and central Europe is expressed by health authorities. It is stated that 1,000 cases have been treated this year in Switzerland alone, it is stated.

## 29 Cars to Carry Liquefied Gases

It required a train of 29 cars to transfer the "mountain of documents" to the League of Nations Conference on Geneva, it is revealed in a report by Sir Eric Drummond.

# Touring Western Canada

For the purpose of inspecting military establishments in Western Canada, Major J. A. MacBrien, Chief of Staff at Ottawa, is at present touring the Western Provinces.

## Alberta Exhibits at Chicago

**High Honors Secured by Alberta University Students.**

One out of the nine Canadian provinces sent exhibits to the International Livestock and Hay and Grain show at Chicago this year, and Canadian winnings were much in evidence from the opening of the exhibition.

Exhibitors from the western provinces were particularly successful, standing well up in all the classes in which they are represented, including at least one grand championship, a few firsts and seconds, and several other high placings in spite of very close competition.

Alberta had an excellent exhibit of steers which were entered by the Provincial University, and which were donated to the University by various breeders in Alberta. A year ago, these animals stood well in their various classes. In the Car Robertson Special Class the first prize was won by one of these calves, a Hereford, Ben Perfection, that came from the University at Lethbridge. Two others were fourth and sixth respectively.

In the college special of four steers, the Alberta University first secured one of those chosen by the Iowa Agricultural College, Ames. The first prize was won by the Alberta University in college special groups of three, and the competition was very strong in this class. Other high honors were secured by the Alberta University steers were filled in a class of twenty-four yearling pure-bred Aberdons, which is a similar class of Shorthorns, and seventh in a class of forty-seven pure-bred Hereford steers. In the last named class there were five Alberta steers in the first twenty.

## Hard Lot of Farmer

Hon. Duncan Marshall says He Gets It Both Going and Coming.

Premier Duffell, Hon. Manning Dummer, the Minister of Agriculture for Ontario, and Hon. Duncan Marshall, Minister of Agriculture for Alberta, are the speakers at a luncheon given by the city of Guelph to the breeders and principal visitors at the Winter Fair. They congratulated the directors for the success of the fair, and emphasized the place of the efforts that are being put forth to get Great Britain to lift the embargo against Canadian cattle.

Hon. Duncan Marshall referred to the high prices now prevailing. Conditions on the farms were very serious at the present time, he said, and the farmer was the one who was being hit first. He got it both coming and going. There were many things needed, Mr. Marshall said, and one was better training and better education. He also referred to the cattle embargo, and suggested that the Dominion Parliament be asked to pass a resolution demanding that the embargo be removed. He said he felt that if such action were taken, good results would at once follow.

## Insulated Wall For Houses

An insulated wall construction has been successfully used in Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, in connection with electrical wiring. The inventor, H. Goslin, has just closed a \$40,000 deal for the rights of the patents, and the interested parties will exploit the construction on a large scale in Ottawa and Toronto.

## Copper ranks next to diamonds in the value of Southwest Africa's mineral product.

Over 2,000,000 children between the ages of 10 and 16 work in the United States, it is said.

# Want Definite Plan for Future Land Settlement In Western Provinces

Advocating a definite plan for future land settlement and that this should be under the provincial rather than the federal authorities, Hon. Mr. Latta said in the Saskatchewan legislature that the system of land surveying and allocation in Northern Saskatchewan for new settlers last year was much less than there was in the past, and that the value of the public lands to be avoided, the government should go up into that country and lay plans for its settlement before much more built-up or people were allowed to settle in it. "We who live in Saskatchewan," said Mr. Latta, "who are the results of what was done in the past and experience the difficulties that have followed in their train, are the persons most competent to deal with the problems of the future. We should be given a free hand in the great north country, and not those who are far away in Ottawa. The authority that is efficient is the authority close at hand."

## There were 15,000,000 acres within 10 miles of a railway, 12,000,000 within 15 miles, 9,000,000 within 20 miles, and 6,000,000 within 25 miles, estimated.

"Any system that produces this result," said Mr. Latta, "is a good one."

## Eskimos and Indians May Fight

**Eskimos Promise Death to a Tribe of Northern Chippewas.**

Bloodily killed, on the Copper Mine River, in the Eskimos last year, some day, may be the scene of a fierce battle between Eskimos and Chippewas. Indians of Lac du Bonnet to have on the Copper Mine River, some day, may be the scene of a fierce battle between Eskimos and Chippewas. Indians of Lac du Bonnet to have on the Copper Mine River, some day, may be the scene of a fierce battle between Eskimos and Chippewas.

## Declares French Soil Renewed by War

**German Shells and Poison Gas Has Improved the Soil.**

Devastated France now is a fertile agricultural country, rich with red clover and alfalfa, according to the "Liberator." "German shells," says a correspondent, "did the ploughing and German poison gas fertilized the soil. The great need of France today is labor-saving devices which can be wielded by the old men and boys who are the only farmers left."

"In company with a friend, I visited one of the worst bits of the Alsace province, called 'Red Mountain Plateau,' which was taken and retaken eighteen times. Not a trace of soil will remain to tell of its villages, and the soil is now so fertile that the depth of two to five feet. When we walked the way, we found ourselves walking knee-deep through the richest soil of the world. The leaves were as big as silver dollars. Alfalfa covered the slopes. In the middle of the plateau, the surface of the deep soil contained valuable materials of which the soil, used for agricultural purposes, was devoid. Riding through France, one can trace the lines of the trenches, now filled in and plowed, by the finer, darker soil of the wheat growing in the deep-ploughed soil."

## A Deadly Weapon

**Steady Stream of Noisettes Death From This Gun.**

The story of the David shot Goliath with a sling and stone is recalled by the latest type of rapid-fire gun, firing 2,000 balls a minute, which is operated by the general principle of a sling and stone. There is no noise, no smoke, no flash—just a steady stream of noiseless dead balls with a speed of four hundred feet per second. It is not an army corps.

This newest device is the invention of Major Edward T. Moore, of the New Jersey U.S. National Guard, an attorney. He claims to have solved successfully the problem of the use of centrifugal force, instead of explosive force, in the rapid outward sweeping force, when a body is revolved rapidly.

The gun's shaft rotates at the rate of 10,000 revolutions a minute—so rapidly, in fact, that it does not appear to revolve at all. The wheel is driven by an electric motor. The bullets are fed into the machine gun and are thrown outward toward the target with terrific force, as the wheel revolves. A target is really ripped to pieces a few seconds after the firing. The dead effect of several thousand guns of this character in war can well be imagined. Restrictions placed upon the inventor by the government during the late war, not to reveal any details connected with his invention, have just been lifted by the War Department. It is known as the new centrifugal gun.

## Must Give Wren's Notice of Marriage

In the near future, all persons intending to be married in Ontario may be required to give public notice on the radio of the date of proposed nuptials. This is the effect of legislation under consideration.

## May Install Wireless in Saskatchewan

According to information tabled in the legislature, if a favorable report is received from the commissioner of the province, the province will install wireless sets at certain points throughout the province.

## His Nose Saved His Life

The smelling apparatus of the horse is very acute and the animal is invariably guided by his nose in the selection of food. A horse who has a bad cold never makes a mistake in grasping upon some unobjectionable growth.

## Canoeing Club Clears Record

A new high record in bank clearings has been established at Vancouver, British Columbia. For the eleven months of this year ending November 30th, bank clearings are more than \$140,000,000. For the eleven months of last year, for 1920 eleven months, the clearings are \$79,627,553.

## Wanted to Buy a Horse

The smiling apparatus of the horse is very acute and the animal is invariably guided by his nose in the selection of food. A horse who has a bad cold never makes a mistake in grasping upon some unobjectionable growth.







**Bow Island Review**

CHAS. AVREY, PROP.  
Publishing Office, Bow Island, Alta.  
Subscription Rates  
Canada \$2.00 a year  
United States \$3.00 a year  
Advertising Rates  
All advertisements and Subscriptions must be paid in advance.  
Legal notices, 10c. per line first insertion, 11c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths will be charged for at the rate of 50c. per insertion.

Announcements of entertainments, etc., conducted by churches, societies, etc., where admission is charged at half price.

Classified ads., such as "Wanted," "For Sale," etc., 7c. first insertion and \$1.50c. for three insertions. Cads of thanks \$1.00. Local ads. among reading matter, 12c. per line first insertion, 8c. per line each following insertion.  
No advertisement less than 75c.

**PROWSE & LYONS**

Barriers, Solicitors, Notaries Etc.  
Office next to Post Office  
Bow Island every Friday afternoon  
and all Saturdays  
Taber, Alberta.

Dr. H. P. McPHAIL  
M.D. C. M.

Physician and Surgeon  
British Registration  
Burdett, Alberta

**FOR SALE**

Half Section of land for Sale 105 acres broken, the rest can be all broken, Frame House 26 x 36 Barn 14 x 44 Granary 12 x 10 Chicken House, Coal Shed, Well with lots of good water, all Fenced and Cross Fenced with Hog Corral and Machinery Corral.

Terms \$29 per acre, \$1,500 Cash Balance in Crop Payments N. 1/2 Section 8, Township 9 Range 11  
Joe Kamboits  
Burdett, Alta.

**FARM for SALE or RENT**

The East-half of Section 25, Township 9, Range 10 a Sale or to Rent for a year or more to a good farmer. If interested apply to the undersigned  
R. R. Davidson,  
c/o Conbeare, Church & Davidson,  
Lethbridge, Alberta.

**Rockledge Egg Tonic**

Makes your Hens Lay and Pay Agent, W. H. Coltart  
See the Watkins' man  
Bow Island

**Bargain Column****FOR SALE  
Automatic Knitting  
Machine**

Will make all your own Hosiery, and there is a Demand for all you can make. you can Earn big Money at home.  
Reasonable price

Also a Caligraph Typewriter in splendid condition.  
Reasonable price

A Home Photograph for Sale  
Reasonable price

Sewing Machine Oils, and Sewing Machine Belts for Sale

**Mower Sicksles**

Two good Mower Sicksles 5 feet long. A bargain  
Two Whiffle-trees and one Single-tree.

All the above can be seen at The Review Office Bow Island  
Call or write

**DATES  
for  
AUCTION  
SALES**

If you intend to have a Sale, be sure you leave the date at Review Office, Bow Island for D. M. Garrison, Auctioneer

**FOSTERS' WEATHER  
FORECAST**

During the week centering on December 18 another warm day will appear in the extreme northwest and temperatures will rise in all the northern Rockies and their immediate vicinities. Temperatures will be warmer than usual on all the continent till near end of the month. The storm that brings that warm wave will expend its forces principally in a change to higher temperatures; a destructive storm is not expected. This warm wave, with the usual storm wave and cool wave following, will drift southward, then northeastward, crossing continent in four or five days. Not much precipitation is expected from that storm. A change to higher temperatures enables the atmosphere to hold a greater amount of moisture, and it will continue to hold it till fiercer storms bring down the till, cold atmosphere that is one cause of precipitation. Therefore an unusually large amount of snow north and rains south are expected during the next period of severe storms, information of which will be given in next bulletin. More than usual good weather is expected during last half of December, and during that favorable period you should prepare for bad winter weather.

I am expecting northern Europe and northwestern Siberia to get a drought during the crop season of 1921. That will make an opportunity that agriculture on this continent should make good use of. Study crops that will be affected in Sweden, Siberia and northern Russia and then produce more of those crops than usual on this continent. That will require a study of future crop weather here. Our moisture will come from the northern part of the Atlantic ocean for 1921 crop season. That will make three kinds of crop weather on this continent which will result in good, bad and average crops, owing to location. The important thing to do will be to select the localities on this continent that will best produce the crops that are sure to be deficient in northwest Asia and northern Europe. I have recently learned much on this subject, but there is much yet to learn. At least one-quarter of agricultural labor is lost by not knowing more about future crop weather. One man cannot do full justice to this immensely important subject.

There are many signs of returning sanity to the world-war-rattled great white planet. Something like the blind staggers has beclouded its mind since the armistice was declared. It was magnificently able, alert and courageous till the war ended, and then it collapsed en masse. But it is recovering, and with its return of sanity is slowly appearing improved financial and business conditions. During those wildcat days products of the farm lost money values rapidly and largely, but when those products reach us of the cities war prices are still in control. This cannot continue. There must and will be a change in these relative prices and I believe that farm products will go up and farm food to consumers down till the relative values to producer and consumer will be more in accordance with justice. Therefore I advise folk to sell grain or cotton and advise to buy, both for cash and the May deliveries, grain and cotton.

There is many a Slip betwixt Cup and the Lip.

But there is positively no chance for You to Slip capturing Dozens of Bargains at this our Giant Bargain Sale

Come Early and get the Pick of the Bargains at the Burdett's Cash Store G. Robinson, prop.

**OUR BIG SALE**

Started with an unusual Rush.

The Store was crowded all day long with Customers

Evidently the people of this and the surrounding Districts know Real Bargains when they see them, as our increased staff cannot begin to supply their requirements with our usual dispatch and efficiency, owing chiefly to lack of floor space and crowded premises. However, we aim to give all an equal chance to stock up under Our unusually Low Sale Prices, but we would advise those who have not grasped this Golden Opportunity to do so at once, as even Our Vast Stock cannot long withstand the present drain. Prompt action will ensure perfect satisfaction both in Selection and Quantity.

If you have any doubt as to this being a Real Sale in which Prices are much Lower than that of other so-called Sales, ask those who were prompt to investigate, or call at Our Store and be convinced. The magnitude of the crowd will convince the most sceptical, to say nothing of Our Low Sale Prices which are really the keynote of the wonderful success of this unusual Sale.

Don't hesitate! Line up with the crowd, and avoid disappointment.

**BURDETT MERCANTILE STORE**  
A. H. RYGG, PROP.

**Leave Your Orders for:**

Xmas Turkeys, Chickens, Beef,  
Veal, Home-fed Pork.

Burdett Pork Sausage, Brookfield Sausage,  
Fresh and Cured Fish of all kinds, Libby's Sour Krout  
Swift's Premium Bacons, Hams and Lard.

**BURDETT CASH MEAT MARKET**

PHONE-9 and 16

GEORGE LOMAS, PROPRIETOR

**Best Bulk Coffee 45c. per lb.**

Sale Prices  
in every Dept.  
Call in

Don't  
spend Your Money  
foolishly, when you  
Can Save By buying  
from me.

We Pay at the  
Present for  
Butter 55c/lb

**Special Prices  
on all Xmas Goods**

The goods are Rapidly moving and by Xmas Our Stock  
will be low.

Therefore we can give you Prices at all times  
Cheaper than our Competitors.

**BURDETT CASH STORE**  
The Money-Saving Store of Alberta

G. H. ROBINSON, Proprietor

**POLICE COURT NEWS**

Mr. A. E. Pusey, of Seven Persons, appeared before the J. P. on Saturday last, being an employer within the scope of the Workmen's Compensation Act, who had failed to pay to the Workmen's Compensation Board the sum of \$7.50, being the amount payable under the said assessment as required by the W. C. A., 1918. He pleaded guilty and was fined \$5 and costs.

The Sunday School entertainment of the United Church, Burdett, will be given on Christmas Eve December 24th, commencing at 7.30 p.m.

The L. D. S. Church hold services at 11 a.m. and 2 p.m. every Sunday. Everybody welcome. Lots of good music and hearty singing. Come and join us next Sunday and take a fresh hold on life and happiness.

**SEVEN PERSONS**

Messrs. Pusey and Thompson were business visitors on Friday last to Medicine Hat.

Constable Bradner was here on business on Friday last.

Mr. Pusey returned from Medicine Hat on Saturday last.

It was reported last week that the poultry inspector paid this town a visit for the purpose of inspecting fowls around the district. We understand that the farmers are wanting a better class of fowls in future years.

Big Crowds were visiting the Store last Saturday and Monday and George was kept on the run all day at the Burdett Cash Store

**GRASSY LAKE**

Mr. J. Mills and Mr. and Mrs. Jackson, from the Mines, were business people in town on Saturday last.

Mr. Job Llewellyn was also a business caller to town last Saturday.

We were sorry to hear that Mrs. Llewellyn was confined to bed for a few days suffering from a bad cold, but her friends are glad to know that she is now well and around and as busy as ever in her shop.

**Baby Foods**

For Reliable Babies' Foods such as Nestles, Horlicks, Mellins, Almonbys, Brook's Barley, Arrowroot. Come to E. M. Johnston - Burdett

**Burdett News**

From our own Correspondent

**Electricity is Life!**

We can make You feel quite Young again with New Life, when we Electrify you with our Starting Low Prices and High Qualities of all our Goods which We have All the Time but more especially at this our Great Bargain Sale.

Don't Miss this Sale, come and be Electrified at the Burdett Cash Store

George Robinson, proprietor

On Monday December 13th, a shower was given by Mrs. Eugene Bond and Mrs. Frank Babben for Mrs. Harold Liddle. The atmospheric conditions remained quite normal until the middle of the afternoon when it became evident that a shower was approaching. Ladies with parcels tucked under their arms hurried down the streets and sought the shelter of the hall; inside evidences were still more convincing that the elements were at work. Over a table in the centre of the hall a pink cloud was hanging in the air and sent long streams down to the horizon of the chair backs. The ladies had just seated herself at the table when the pending storm burst.

A miniature bridal party appeared consisting of: Sheila Bakken, the dainty little bride and Elaine Bishop, the groom, attended by Lorraine Emard and Baudie Bishop, with Donald Bakken as minister, and drawing after them a cartload of gifts. The ladies followed and after marching around the hall, the gifts were presented to Mrs. Liddle. After the numerous parcels had been opened and duly admired, the guests were each asked to write upon slips of paper some advice regarding the handling of a husband, which the bride might find useful. The reading aloud of this advice by Mrs. Liddle afforded a great deal of amusement, other guests were played and after the serving of a delicious lunch, the shower came to an end.

Mrs. Major Small is leaving Friday morning the 17th inst. for Cranbrook to join her husband there, she left the Standard Bank last Wednesday where she held the position of Teller for a long time.

The Biggest Dance of the season, Don't forget the great Christmas Eve Dance when all the Best Music and best Dancers will be at the Magestic Theatre

Burdett Christmas Eve  
24th December  
Supper at Lux's  
Admission - Gents \$1.00

Mrs. Hawkins and her son were business callers here to town last week

**Don't Cough**

You will have no need to Cough if you take our Cough Drops or Cough Lozenges. Try them at E. M. Johnston's - Burdett

Mr. Job Llewellyn of Burdett was a business caller to Bow Island on Monday last

A Contented Mind is a Continual Feast!

And Your family will all be so Contented when you get back home and unpack those Genuine Bargains which You have Bought at the Burdett Mercantile Store

**WESTFIELD**

Mrs. Dorell of Lakota N. D. is visiting at the home of her daughter for a short time.

Mrs. S. T. Elford has returned home from Lethbridge where she has been to consult a dentist.

Mr. Andrew Harknson has left for parts unknown.

Miss Mabel Andersen is having a week's vacation from her duties at the store.

Master Westly Elford is feeling better and is back at school.

H. Gross has left looking for work.